

## Sorghum-Sudan Grass

### Emergency forage

Sorghum-Sudan grass hybrids are a good option for high quality emergency forage. It can be used for silage, green chop or pasture. First cut is usually ready to harvest approximately 60-65 days after planting. Being frost sensitive, Sorghum-Sudan should not be planted until late May to mid-June. For faster regrowth after first cut, leave at least 10-18cm of stubble. Second cut will be ready 30-35 days later.

Sorghum-Sudan grass may also be pastured but livestock should not enter the field until the plants are at least 45cm. Similar to Pearl Millet, Sorghum-Sudan can be easily trampled and should be strip grazed to avoid large losses.

Prussic acid poisoning is a concern if feeding Sorghums, especially with young or frosted plants, as they contain higher prussic acid levels.

### REDUCE THE RISK OF PRUSSIC ACID POISONING

- Do not graze pastures or green chop stands less than 45-60cm (18-24") tall.
- Do not green chop or ensile sorghum over 76cm (30") tall for 3 days after a killing frost
- After a drought, do not graze animals on new growth following a rain

## BMR SORGHUM-SUDAN GRASS

With Brown Mid Rib that provides for higher forage quality.

### Suggested Seeding Rate: (30 - 50 lbs/ac)

Fertilize according to soil test. Nutrient requirements are similar to corn and are important to produce a high protein crop.